MODULE TITLE Advanced Portfolio Management									
MODULE LEVEL		7							
MODULE CREDIT POINT	ΓS	15							
SI MODULE CODE (if kn	own)) 44-7A35-00S							
MODULE JACS CODE		N300							
SUBJECT GROUP	SUBJECT GROUP Financial Services and Banking								
MODULE DELIVERY PAR NB "Semester 3" ends o				or give da	tes	for non-stand	lard deli	ivery)	
LONG (2 semesters)	SHORT	SHORT (1 semester) NON-STANDARD DELIVERY							
Sem 1 & 2	Sem 1			Start Date					
Sem 2 & 3	Sem 2		✓	End Date	Date				
	Sem 3								
MODULE ASSESSMENT					omp	olete Table A,	Section		
Single Module Mark with			ss Mark	of 40%				✓	
Single Module Mark - Pas			C - 4 C	10/ for a!	T :-	ale and Or a reli			
Up to Three Assessment Module Pass Mark of 40%		ı Pass M	ark 01 4(1% for each	ıas	sk and Overall			
Up to Three Assessment		ec/Fail c	nly						
Other - if choosing "Other				of access	1ent	nattern in the			
blank space below. "Oth									
specified an overall Modu							w		
and specify higher pass n									
Pass Mark of higher than									
in Table A, Section 5)	_		•						
Overall Module Pass Mark	k if other t	than 40%	6 (subjec	ct to approv	al)				
MODULE INFORMATION									
Is a timetabled examination									
Is a timetabled examination									
Is the module delivered w									
Are any staff who are resp	oonsible fo	r teachir	ig on this	s module no	n-S	HU employees	s?		
MODULE STATUS (✓ as							ent prop	osal)	
Unchanged: an existing r									
Modified: an existing mod	•								
changes to delivery or assessment pattern, title, credit weighting etc New: new module to be approved through current validation process ✓									
If status is 'Modified', please give date when modified Modified Version Available									
version is to be available						from 01/09/	_		
Breakdown of notional									
study hours by type	(Con			ected		rected	HOURS for		
(Typically requires 10	Hour	s)	Stu	dy	Study this Module			odule	
hours of notional study time for 1 CATS credit)	30		30		90 150				
OTHER COURSES FEATURING THIS MODULE (please list below)									
PG Finance Programme									

1 AIM OF THIS MODULE

- To critically evaluate the key concepts and theories of portfolio management
- To investigate complex investment risks, risk measurement and risk management and the relationship between risk and investment.
- To investigate the advanced use of derivatives for hedging and speculation
- To explore new institutional investment products and techniques.

2 BY ENGAGING SUCCESSFULLY WITH THIS MODULE YOU WILL BE ABLE TO

- 1. Analyse, discuss and evaluate different approaches to risk measurement, risk modelling and risk management.
- 2. Compare and contrast various types of investment risks.
- 3. Analyse, discuss and evaluate differing approaches to asset management and fund management.
- 4. Synthesise their knowledge of investment and risk theories, and product knowledge to build sophisticated investment portfolios.

3 THESE ARE EXAMPLES OF THE CONTENT OF THE MODULE

Overview of the Main Market Participants and Asset Classes

- Private Investor, Pension Funds, Private Equity, Hedge funds, Banks
- Fund managers, Equities, Bonds, Fixed interest, Commodities, ETC's, ETF's Investment Theory
- Key portfolio and investment theories
- Investigate differences between theory and practical approaches taken by fund managers
 - Investment Risk
- Risk Definitions
- Types of risk Objective, Subjective, Quantitative. Qualitative
- Importance of classifying risk, Attitudes to risk <u>Measuring Risk</u>
- Benefits of risk identification, Sources of risk information, Cost Benefit analysis
- Benefits of risk measurement
- Impact vs. Likelihood, Methods of measuring risk
- Standard Deviation, VAR, Z Scores, Correlation coefficient
- Modern Portfolio Theory, Beta, CAPM and the security market line <u>Investment Risks</u>
- Market Risk, Re-investment risk, Timing Risk, Duration risk, Credit risk
- Valuation Risk, Security and covenant risk, Yield curve and inflation risk
- Links to investor risk preferences and different asset classes <u>Derivatives</u>
- Definitions of a derivatives, Main uses of derivatives, Options, Futures and CFD's, Credit derivatives, Credit default swaps and Credit spreads <u>Fund management</u>
- Types of Investment fund and management style
- Examples of funds e.g. large cap, small cap, income, growth
- Asset Allocation

4 THESE ARE THE MAIN WAYS YOU WILL BE SUPPORTED IN YOUR LEARNING TO ACHIEVE THESE OUTCOMES

Lectures and handouts will introduce the concepts of risk, risk measurement, risk modelling, risk management and fund/asset management. Students will develop their knowledge via directed learning and the seminars will be used for discussion and formative learning.

The material introduced in the module will build up a coherent 'toolbox' of knowledge that will then be synthesised through the development of sophisticated investment portfolios, which, for example may form the basis of some of the coursework. Other formative, non credit bearing tasks may include phase tests to test students' knowledge and understanding of key concepts.

5 THESE ARE THE WAYS THAT WILL BE USED TO ENABLE YOU TO DEMONSTRATE YOU HAVE MET THE LEARNING OUTCOMES

TABLE A: ASSESSMENT TASK INFORMATION

ASSESSMENT TASK	% weighting of overall module mark	Duration of task / word count / length of exam	In-module retrieval available?	Individual task pass mark ONLY IF OVER 40%**
Coursework	40%	1 hour	N	
Exam	60%	2 hours	N	

Assessment Criteria	Fail - below 40%	40-49%	50-59%	60-69%	Distinction - 70% and above
Identify the risks which the fund faces in the current climate	No/few risks identified, little attempt to evaluate these in the context of the portfolio's aims.	Some risks identified, with an attempt to evaluate these in the context of the portfolio's aims.	Key risks are identified with some discussion on how this impacts the aims of the portfolio.	A range of risks identified with a thorough discussion on how these impact the portfolio its aims.	Most/all risks identified, with a comprehensive analysis on how these impact the aims of the portfolio.
Measurement of the risks identified	Little or inaccurate measurement of risks. Few information sources have been used	Some risks measured but little/incomplete/ inappropriate evaluation. Some information sources have been used.	These risks measured with reasonable evaluation. A good range of sources has been used	Risks are measured using a range of tools with no errors. A wide range of information sources has been used	These risks are measured with a comprehensive and original evaluation. A wide and varied range of information sources have been used.
Analysis of the past performance of the fund.	Little or inaccurate evaluation of past performance. Little discussion in the context of the portfolio's aims	Some evaluation but little/incomplete/ inappropriate and little reference to the portfolio's aims	Past performance has been evaluated reasonably in the context of the portfolio's aims	Past performance has been evaluated in full within the context of the portfolio's aims	Past performance has been undertaken with a comprehensive and imaginative evaluation linked exclusively to the portfolio's aims.
Analysis of the theoretical background to portfolio planning and asset selection	Little attempt at analysing theory	A weak attempt at analysing theory.	Reasonable attempt at analysing theory	Good, detailed attempt at analysing theory	Extensive, well researched analysis of theory
Understand and utilise a wide range of information sources and literature	Little or no use of information sources and literature	Some basic use of information sources and literature	sound usage of information sources and literature	Good usage of information sources and literature	Well developed range of information sources used and a varied range of literature fully integrated.
Draw up a new portfolio to meet the requirements outlined giving clear reasons for the recommendations.	Little or no attempt at an appropriate portfolio. No reasons for choice of investments.	An attempt at an appropriate portfolio. Reasons for choice of investments weak.	Reasonable attempt at an appropriate portfolio. Incomplete reasons for choice of investments	Good attempt at an appropriate portfolio. Good reasons for choice of investments.	Work shows a very good attempt at an appropriate portfolio. Reasons for choice of investments strongly argued and backed up.

6 THIS IS HOW YOU WILL BE GIVEN FEEDBACK ON YOUR PERFORMANCE

Feedback will be provided on a regular basis in class sessions as class activities will be based on case studies and real life portfolios which students will be able to incorporate into their learning. This will also enable instantaneous feedback given that many interactive tasks will be done in class.

Students will receive their test back with written comments. Answers will be distributed straight after the test. Time at the start of the following session will be provided for going through key answers and one to one meetings will take place. Generic feedback will be placed on BlackBoard.

7 THESE ARE EXAMPLES OF THE KEY LEARNING RESOURCES YOU WILL USE

The major learning resources for the module will be a range of websites and recommended readings which will help the students to tackle the assessment tasks. These will be outlined in the module guide. Students will have access to a range of IT resources such as BB, Datastream and other financial journals.

FINAL TASK

According to the Assessment Strategy shown in the Module	Task No.
Descriptor, which task will be the LAST TASK to be taken or	
handed-in? (Give task number as shown in the Assessment	1
Strategy)	

MODULE REFERRAL STRATEGY

Task for Task (as shown for initial assessment strategy)	Υ
Single Referral Package for All Referred Students	N

REVISIONS

Date	Reason
July 2012	Assessment Framework review